

Modern C++ Programming

A. TOPICS

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2018, v1.0



1. Introduction

- **A Little History of C and C++ Programming Languages**
- **C++ Philosophy**
- **Why C++ is so popular?**
- **Why C++ is so difficult?**

2. Basic Concepts I

- **Before Start**
 - What compiler
 - What editor/IDE?
 - How to compile?
- **Hello World**
- **I/O Stream**
 - `cout/cin`
 - `Filestream`
(`ifstream/ofstream`)
- **C++ Primitive Types**
 - Built-in types
 - `size_t`, `void`, `auto`, `nullptr`
 - Conversion rules
- **Floating Point**
 - Floating point representation
 - Floating point issues
 - Floating point comparison
 - Overflow/Underflow
- **Strongly Typed Enumerators**
- **Math Operators**
- **Statement and Control Flow**
 - Loop
 - Range Loop
 - Undefined behavior
 - `goto`

3. Basic Concepts II

- **Memory Management: Heap and Stack**
 - Heap allocation and memory leak
 - Stack memory
 - Stack 2D allocation
 - Initialization
 - Data/Bss memory segment
- **Storage Class Specifiers**
- **Pointers and References**
 - Pointers
 - Void Pointer
 - Address-of Operator
 - Pointer Arithmetic
 - Reference
- **sizeof Operator**
- **Other Keywords**
 - const, constexpr
 - volatile
 - using, decltype
- **Explicit Type Conversion**
- **Declaration and Definition**
- **Functions**
 - Call-by-value/pointer/reference
 - inline
 - Default parameters
 - Overloading
- **Unions and Bitfields**
- **Preprocessing**
 - Macro
 - Pragma

4. Utilities

- **Math Functions**

- CMath library
- Numerical limits
- Integer division

- **Algorithm Library**

- **String**

- Methods
- Operators
- Conversion

- **Random Numbers**

- Period and quality
- Engines
- Distributions

- **Time Measuring**

- Wall-clock time
- User time
- System time

5. C++ Object Oriented Programming

■ C++ Classes

- Class hierarchy
- Inheritance attributes
- Class constructor
- Default constructor
- Class initialization
- Copy constructor
- default keyword
- Class destructor

■ Class keyword

- `this`
- `static`
- `const`
- `mutable`
- `using`
- `friend`
- `delete`

■ Polymorphism

- Function binding
- virtual method
- override/final keywords
- virtual common errors
- Pure virtual methods
- Abstract class and interface

■ Operator Overloading

- Operator `<<`
- Operator `operator()`
- Operator `operator=`

■ Special Objects

- Aggregate
- Trivial class
- Standard-layout class
- Plain old data type

6. C++ Templates and Meta-programming I

- **Function Templates**

- Template parameters
- Default parameters
- Template specialization
- Template overloading

- **Type Deduction**

- Pass-by-Reference
- Pass-by-Pointer
- Pass-by-Value
- Array type deduction

- **Compile-Time Utilities**

- `static_assert`
- `decltype`
- `decltype`
- `using`

- **Type Traits**

- Type trait library
- Type manipulation
- Type Relation and Transformation

- **Template Parameters**

6. C++ Templates and Meta-programming II

- **Class Templates**

- Full/Partial specialization
- Declaration and definition
- virtual, members, friend
- template keyword
- Template template arguments
- Template variable

- **Template Meta-Programming**

- Factorial
- Log
- Unroll

- **SFINAE**

- Function implementation
- Class implementation

- **Variadic Template**

- Parameter recursion
- sizeof...
- Meta-Programming
- Specialization

- **STD Template Utility**

- std::pair
- std::tuple

8. Containers, Iterators, and Algorithms

- **Containers and Iterators**
- **Sequence Containers**
 - `std::array`
 - `std::vector`
 - `std::deque`
 - `std::list`
 - `std::forward_list`
 - Operations and complexity
- **Associative Containers**
 - `std::set`, `std::map`, etc.
 - Operations and complexity
- **Container Adaptors**
 - Methods
- **Implement a Custom Iterator**
 - Iterator semantic
 - Implementation example
- **Iterator Utility Methods**
 - Iterator operations
 - Range access methods
 - Iterator traits
- **Algorithms Library**
 - Implementation example
- **Lambda Expressions**
 - Capture list
 - Capture list and classes
 - `mutable`

9. Code Organization and Conventions

- **Basic Concepts**

- Translation Unit
- Linkage
- Global and local scope

- **Variables Storage**

- Storage class specifiers
- Storage duration

- **Dealing with Multiple Files**

- One definition rule
- Limit template instantiations

- **Namespace**

- One definition rule
- Namespace alias
- Inline namespace
- Anonymous namespace

- **C++ Project Organization**

- Project Files
- Include and library

- **Coding Style and Conventions**

- File names and spacing
- `#include`
- Namespace
- Variables
- Functions
- Structs and Classes
- C++11/C++14 features
- Control Flow
- Entity names
- Issues

10. Debugging and Tools

- **Debugging**
 - Assertion
 - Execution debuggging
 - Memory debuggging
 - Clang sanitizer
 - Demangling
- **CMake**
- **Code Checking and Analysis**
 - Compiler warning
 - Static analyzer
- **Code Quality (Linter)**
- **Code Testing**
 - Built-in types
 - `size_t`, `void`, `auto`, `nullptr`
 - Code coverage
- **Code Commenting (Doxygen)**
- **Code Statistics**
 - Count lines of code
 - Cyclomatic complexity
- **Other Tools**
 - Code formatting
 - Assembly explorer

11. Advanced Topics

▪ Move Semantic

- lvalues and rvalues
- Class move semantic
- `std::move`
- Universal reference
- Reference collapsing rules
- Type deduction
- Copy elision and RVO
- Perfect forwarding
- Compiler implicitly declared

▪ C++ Idioms

- Rules of Three (and Zero)
- Rules of Five
- Singleton
- PIMLP
- CRTP
- Template virtual function

▪ Smart Pointers

- `std::unique_ptr`
- `std::shared_ptr`
- `std::weak_ptr`

▪ Concurrency

- Thread methods
- Parameters passing
- Mutex
- Atomic
- Task-based parallelism

▪ C++ Guidelines